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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/538,120	06/07/2005	Michael S Griffith	540-566	1990
23117 NIXON & VAN	7590 09/29/200 NDERHYE. PC	EXAMINER		
901 NORTH GLEBE ROAD, 11TH FLOOR			SHAFER, RICKY D	
ARLINGTON, VA 22203			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2872	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			09/29/2009	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)		
	10/538,120	GRIFFITH ET AL.		
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit		
	Ricky D. Shafer	2872		
The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet wi	h the correspondence address		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REF WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perion. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the may be armed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNIC 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a rood will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON tute, cause the application to become AB	CATION. Sply be timely filed FHS from the mailing date of this communication. ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status				
Responsive to communication(s) filed on 13 This action is FINAL . 2b) □ This action is FINAL . 2b) □ This action is application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice under the condition is in condition.	his action is non-final. vance except for formal matt	-		
Disposition of Claims				
4) ☐ Claim(s) 2-5,7,8,10,11,14-18,20,21,25 and 2 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withd 5) ☐ Claim(s) 11,31 and 32 is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 2-4,7,8,14-17,20,21,25 and 28-30 if 7) ☐ Claim(s) 5,10 and 18 is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and Application Papers 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Exami	rawn from consideration. is/are rejected. d/or election requirement.	oplication.		
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) and a Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct of the control of the correct of	ccepted or b) objected to be drawing(s) be held in abeyant ection is required if the drawing	ce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119				
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 				
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s	ummary (PTO-413))/Mail Date formal Patent Application 		

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DETAILED ACTION

1. The indicated allowability of claim 19 is withdrawn in view of further consideration of the reference(s) to Guzman et al ('373) and Merz et al ('688). Rejections based on the cited reference(s) follow.

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 2-4, 7, 8, 14-17, 20, 21, 25 and 28-30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Guzman et al ('373) in view of Merz et al ('688).

Guzman et al discloses a deformable apparatus comprising a deformable mirror (105), a deformable mirror holder comprising a rigid mounting body (150) having a central aperture in which the deformable mirror is received (see Fig. 1), a flexible structure (110) extending across the aperture to the mirror, and a deformation device (160) for controllably deforming the mirror, the deformation device acting on the mirror other than through the flexible structure, the flexible structure having an end (the unlabeled flexure portions positioned between elements 110 and 105, shown in Fig. 1) shaped to provide a supporting surface for supporting the mirror, and a flexible portion (110, 157, 159) linking the supporting surface to the body and permitting movement of an edge of the mirror relative to the body when the mirror is deformed by the deformation device, wherein the flexible structure (110) comprises a plurality of flexible beams (the unlabeled flexure portions positioned between elements 110 and 105, shown in Fig. 1), each

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said beam having said supporting surface (the surface which directly contacts the mirror) and said flexible portion (the portion of the flexure between element 110 and the surface which directly contacts the mirror, as shown in see Fig. 1), wherein the flexible portions permits rotation of the edge of the mirror and displacement of the edge of the mirror axially (see column 3, line 63 to column 4, line 13), wherein the mounting body is a unitary structure (see column 3, lines 63-67), wherein the ends of the flexible beams are co-joined to form a unitary structure shaped to provide said supporting surface (see Fig. 1); wherein the ends of the flexible structure lie in the plane of the body of the holder such that the mirror is received within the body (see Fig. 1) and wherein at least one beam is generally L-shaped such that one leg of the L-shape provides the flexible portion and the other leg of the L-shape provides the supporting surface of the end of the beam (see Fig. 1), note Fig. 1 along with the associated description thereof, except for explicitly stating that the plurality of flexible beams are arranged around the entire periphery of the aperture.

Merz et al teaches is well known to use flexible structures having a plurality of flexible beams (3) arranged around an entire periphery of an aperture in the same field of endeavor for purpose of holding and/or mounting a mirror (1). Note figures 1 and 2 along with the associated description thereof.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the flexible structure of Guzman et al to include a plurality of flexible beams in such manner that the flexible beams are arranged around the entire periphery of the aperture, as taught by Merz et al, in order to increase the flexibility of said deformable mirror apparatus to correct for wavefront aberrations.

As to the limitations of claims 7, 8, 20 and 21, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the size of the widths of the beams of Guzman et al in view of Merz et al to be larger than the separation between beams in order to increase the degree of flexibility desired, since such a modification would have involved only a mere change in the size of the component. Scaling up or down of an element which merely requires a change in size is generally recognized as being within the level of ordinary skill in the art. Note: In re Rinehart, 531 F.2d 1048, 189 USPQ 143 (CCPA 1976) and In re Rose, 105, USPQ 237 (CCPA 1955)

- 4. Claims 5, 10 and 18 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.
- 5. Claims 11, 31 and 32 are allowed.
- 6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Ricky D. Shafer whose telephone number is (571) 272-2320. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri. 11:00 to 7:30.

The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR

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system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

RDS

September 28, 2009

/Ricky D. Shafer/ Primary Examiner Art Unit 2872